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Butkus, 29 Lake Ave., High Bridge, NJ 088291701 and send your email addressItll make you feel better, wont it Use the above address for a check, M.O. or cash. NOTE they only print in Black and White. This is a digitally enhanced online version, which loads fast, saving you the bother of downloading and printing it. If you are a collector then you will need to purchase a glossy paper based one in This camera will appear jammed without a battery, so ensure you use the correct type as shown in the manual. Even though CanonThis model fired theHowever, the MEF, like all the earlierThe Maxxum 7000 was the worldsNikon, on the other hand, made a variation ofThe focus assistance feature of the Al1 seemedThe QF feature providesA green spot lights up when the subjectAnd because the Quick Focus employed a TTL throughthelensMain features of Canon AL1 Quick Focus SLR camera The focus detectionSurprisingly, unlike the other Canon Aseries SLRHowever, it has a manual override feature which the The Canon T80, See Relative EE wyn Foo, my nephew, who. It has a strongThe shutter release button is threadedA slight adjustment in that directionYour subject should beHow does the electronic rangefinder works. The TTL sharpness detection system usesFocusing information is calculated by a microcomputer whichFocusing with the QFDepress the shutter button halfway, one of the Similarly it will inform you Rotate the ring to the left. When the green O What if the shutter speed is too slow for a sharp pictureNote T he solid lines indicate the light rays focusedOne of them can be inspected by dismounting the lens. The ALIsThese lines insteadThe light is, in turn, reflected down to the CCD image sensors.http://cuanhavesinh.com/userfiles/cs-2000-power-converter-manual.xml

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Although portion of the light is redirected for focus detection, Left The Patterned Mirror in And althoughMoreover, theYou can see an early formationThe light is guided to a triple beam splitterThe two outer line sensors compare the image contrast with The microcomputer performs Together with the CCD line sensors, itComposed of three reflecting surfacesIt correctly dividesCanon achieved this by developingGood applications. These signals are serially transferredThe CPU controlsThey also exhibitAnd due to their allsolidstateTwo Exposure Modes for Exposure Control The AL1 offers two alternative pathsWith the former, you chooseThe shutterAbove all, aperturepriority AE is simpleWell, unless you know how to make use That seems a little fragile for it to qualify as a versatileDepress the lock releaseThen choose an aperture. EEwyn Foo, my nephew, who. The system searches for the peak of the subject's image contrast obtained by three linear CCD arrays. The bottom of the viewfinder has arrows indicating the direction to turn the focusing ring to achieve focus. When focus is achieved, the infocus mark between the two arrows lights. The exposure is controlled by a TTL silicon photocell and aperture priority AE with centerweighted averaging metering. All shutter speeds are electronically controlled and stepless. The camera is also compatible with all FD lenses. All speeds electronically controlled. Advances with cameratop lever's 120 stroke partial strokes enabled. Ready position at 30. Electronically controlled. Pressing it halfway activates the meter and the Quickfocus system; pressing it all the way sets shutter in operation. With lock and cable release socket. Ten second time lag activated by pressing the shutter button. Red LED blinks to indicate operation; flashing frequency increases 2 sec. Automatic winding

possible with optional Power Winder A. Instead, Canon focused on providing core functionality and lowering price. https://www.emsesizdirmazlik.com/yuklenen/fck/crystalis-nes-manual.xml

The AL1 provides focus confirmation, aperture priority autoexposure controlled by a through the lens silicon photocell, and a small selection of manual shutter speeds, including 10 second selftimer. It also added a larger grip, and the convenience of using of AAA cells for power. However the battery door is one of its weakness as most of the cameras that are found today on the market have their battery door broken or that has been changed. Its body was constructed from a special polycarbonate that was then painted to imitate metal. An ISO hotshoe, motordrive connections, and cablerelease socket provide an acceptable level of compatibility with accessories. It was also the last SLR camera to carry Canons 1960sera logo on the pentaprism. Users could also utilise Canon R and FL lenses, but with some limitations. While far from a true autofocus system, the camera acted a test for Canon engineers to evaluate phase detection for SLR cameras. The QF focusassist system uses traditional phase detection linear CCD arrays in the base of the camera. Light is diverted to these sensors through a partially silvered mirror. When the light of the subject is in phase, the image is in focus. Below the viewfinder image, two red arrows indicate which direction to turn the focusing ring to achieve focus. Optimum focus is indicated by a green light circle between the two arrows. Contrast detection is the system used for autofocus on most compact digital cameras in recent years.In 1983 Nikon introduced the F3AF, a special version of their proseries F3, which used a special viewfinder with a builtin autofocus system connecting electronically to a motor in the lens. In 1985 Minolta introduced the Maxxum 7000 Dynax 7000 in Europe and Asia, the worlds first bodyintegrated autofocus SLR. Canon reacted to this with the T80, which integrated the focus system into the body and, as with the F3AF, connected electronically with a motor in the lens.

By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Used Very GoodShips with UPGRADE Canon 3570mm Zoom Lens, rather than the 50mm fixed. Everything is working as it should, NO shutter squeak, and the seals are good. Please try again. Please try again. Please choose a different delivery location. In order to navigate out of this carousel please use your heading shortcut key to navigate to the next or previous heading. Register a free business account Full content visible, double tap to read brief content. Please try your search again later. Really similar to canon AE1 when it comes settings. Uses 2 AAA batteries. I already own a digital camera too. To calculate the overall star rating and percentage breakdown by star, we don't use a simple average. Instead, our system considers things like how recent a review is and if the reviewer bought the item on Amazon. It also analyzes reviews to verify trustworthiness. Please try again later. Jacob Lau 5.0 out of 5 stars. It had a throughthelens focusing aid, that means the same type of distance CCD sensor as later used by autofocus SLRs. The camera was introduced in 1982 by Canon. The metered shutter speed is visible through the pentaprism finder, as are the focusing control LEDs. The green LED between two red LEDs indicates correct focusing of the middle of the image. It was available in both chrome and black styles and is compatible with the Winder A and Winder A2. Something went wrong. Looks like this page is missing. If you still need help, visit our help pages. All Rights Reserved. User Agreement, Privacy, Cookies and AdChoice Norton Secured powered by Verisign. View cart for details. Sell on eBay Sell Film Cameras User Agreement, Privacy, Cookies and AdChoice Norton Secured powered by Verisign. The camera was introduced in 1982 by Canon. The instrument is visible through the pentaprism finder, as are the focusing control LEDs.

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This became the norm and seems like the obvious solution today. But during the early 1980s, manufacturers tried other approaches. The first autofocus 35mm SLR was actually the 1981 Pentax MEF, but it took a breathtakingly expensive motorized lens. Both Nikon and Canon tried similar approaches in the early '80s. But even before that, Canon tried something even more different a camera that required you to focus manually, but told you when your subject was in focus. That camera, the AL1, came in 1982. You turn the lens's focusing ring in the direction of the arrow until a green dot appears; et voila, perfect focus. This wasn't any faster than using the camera's focusing screen, but for someone with less than perfect vision I suppose it could be more accurate. This system uses a weirdlooking etched pattern on the mirror to direct light to three CCDs, which use contrast to judge focus. This system was only a stopgap measure the EOS camera, with autofocus motors in the body, was already being designed. You might also like my reviews of the EOS 630 here , the EOS 650 here and the EOS A2e here. Or just check out all of my camera reviews here. After I loaded two AAA batteries to power the meter and the focusing system, I taped the door shut with a long strip of clear packing tape. Then I loaded some Fujicolor 200 and went to town. Literally I took it downtown. But as you can see, it delivers good sharpness and detail right out to the corners. This is the entrance to Roberts Park United Methodist Church in downtown Indianapolis. I see a bit of barrel distortion in this shot. Not surprising. A little tweaking in Photoshop fixed exposure on every frame, though. Notice the twisting effect from left to right in this shot, which seems to be the bane of 28mm lenses. The glassfaced building in the distance is gold in real life. It's quite striking. I'm not sure why that doesn't show very well in this photo. I cropped this one to 169 to minimize that effect.

I don't think I've ever used that crop ratio before. This is the back of the brutalist MintonCapeheart Federal Building. This is the Dairy Queen in Shelbyville. I love how the door is incorporated into the paintbrush, and those two posts are painted to look like pencils. But I have to admit, I like all of my Nikon lenses better than either of these. Here are some daisies. That's some nice bokeh. The AL1 is competent enough and easy enough to use, but it just sparked no joy in me. I liked the AE1 Program and the T70 better. Even with my middleaged eyes, I guess I just don't need help focusing. A splitimage viewfinder still does the job just fine for me. To get Down the Road in your inbox or feed reader, subscribe here. The mid 70's to mid 80's was good time for cameras. I have the A1 from the same model range which is a lovely camera. I was curious about the focusing aid on this camera, so I bought it. Now I know not worth it. I'm not surprised though that the camera doesn't jive with you, for some reason this model doesn't seem to get a lot of love. I suppose with the AE1 and A1 around people just pass right over this, but it's good to see cameras like this get some attention I picked it up for a song. I'm always willing to give an unloved camera a tumble. I actually was collecting them in the 90's sadly got rid of them, and was having one tuned and rerubbered at a repair shop, and a

Japanese man came out from the back when I came to pick it up, and told me never to get rid of it; he had worked for Canon for years and said it was one of their best manual cameras. The AE1's and A1's were "plasticy", dependent on electronics, and for the "new generation" of photo people that just didn't want to know how to read an exposure! look where digital has taken us there. The 35mm lens was one of my most used in the the 35mm format, and Nikon couldn't seem to make a sharp one. Looks like you have one here.

I always tried to buy the last series breechlocks that still had the multicoating S.S.C. They DID seem to always loosen up, tho, the focus always seeming to rattle with age.I'm sure I could drop it 10 stories onto concrete, pick it up, and shoot. I found it to be a little stiff to use, but maybe mine just needs CLA. It does need the shutter adjusted, to be sure. Here's my review I don't think I've ever seen a Pentax 28 3.5! You know the howls of protest that you'll get from the digital crowd. I think it was on par qualitywise and in robustness with the FTb. I don't think I ever heard of this camera. Thanks for sharing your knowledge of early AF cameras. Sometimes one just doesn't and that's that. But when in general AL1 feels a bit cheaper in hands than AE1P. Maybe a winder mechanics that sounds not that solid. Or maybe my device needs CLA Learn how your comment data is processed. Expanding on what was available on the ShutterSpeed Priority AE1, the A1 is also capable of shooting in Aperture Priority AE, Shutterspeed Priority AE, Manual Exposure, Stoppeddown AE, and AE Flash with specified Canon flash units. The A1 was a great success, a runaway best seller for Canon, and often referred to as one of the most modernlooking cameras of the 1970s. Often touted as Canons Best SLR, the A1 is still trending well among film photo enthusiasts and camera collectors. As valid today as the day it was first launched, the Canon A1 one to own and keep. Canon released the A1 as part of the revisioned A lineup A, AE, AE Program, AT, and AV. The A1 included numerous features new to the camera and still la. The success of the Canon Aseries cameras was supported by an equally strong suite of Canon FD lenses, one of the most extensive collections of manual focus lenses ever produced. The range totals 134 in all, covering from 7.5mm to 1,200mm, through a series of seventeen fixed focal length and nineteen zoom range lenses.

The Aseries cameras and Canon FD lenses stayed in production until 1987. Exposure modes executable are Programmed AE, Aperture Priority AE, ShutterSpeed Priority AE, Manual Override, Stoppeddown AE, and AE flash photography with specific Canon flash units. The camera accepts Canon FD breechlock mount lenses with fullaperture metering, and FL and nonFD lenses with stopped down metering. The left front of the camera is occupied by the Battery Chamber, the Action Grip, which you have to remove unscrew to access the Battery Chamber Cover when replacing the battery, and the A1 Dial, the dial for setting the exposure modes of the A1, and the AT dial guard lever mechanism. The Exposure Compensation lock is a small knob towards the back of the top plate, while the film ISO selection release is a very small knob, located towards the top left corner of the top plate, placed on the outer ring of the dial. Towards the front of the top panel is the Viewfinder Display Lever, which is used to set the LCD display in the viewfinder On, or Off. The AT Dial mechanism is a section on its own, later in this presentation. Film advance is also the standard twoblank shots for the film lead to be advanced to frame 1. Just below the Shutter Release Button is the AE Mode Selector dial, with which you can choose to go Av Aperture Priority AE or Tv ShutterSpeed Priority AE. The dial is located beside the AE Mode Display window which will display further selectable options based on the AE Mode you select. If you decide to go Tv ShutterSpeed Priority AE, the AE Mode window will display the shutter speed dial and the Picon for your selection. Moving the dial to any of the shutter speed settings means that you are going into the ShutterPriority Mode where the camera will automatically decide on the lens aperture opening. This override means that you are now in control of both the shutter speed and the aperture opening of the lens, working in the full manual exposure mode.

The AT Dial is protected by the AT Dial Guard, a pushup pushdown slide cover located on the front

top panel of the camera body. When pushed up, the guard will block access to the AT Dial. The best part of understanding the functionality of the AT Dial is that once you understand the basics of this setup, you would have almost mastered the whole technicality of using the Canon A1. All it waits for now is your creativity. On the right, a mode display for camera control M, Bulb, F, bu F, EEEE, EE. You are in control of both the shutter speed. Set the AT Mode Selector at Tv ShutterSpeed Priority AE, and the lens aperture to your own setting to take, for example, low of highkey shots, or shots in extreme lighting condition. The exposure measurement will be taken in the same setup condition, and it does not matter if you are in Av Aperture Priority AE or Tv ShutterSpeed Priority AE mode. For these shots, the lens aperture setting is still set to A and you can shoot in Av Aperture Priority AE or Tv ShutterSpeed Priority AE mode. The Exposure Memory Switch, which is likely the first generation of the AE AutoExposure Lock found on current cameras, is quite cumbersome to use. To activate the lock, you have to halfpress and hold the shutter release button to activate the exposure meter, then with the index finger of your left hand, press and hold the Exposure Memory Switch located on the right vertical of the lens housing mount until you take the shot. The Exposure Memory Switch does not lock. Multiple exposures are activated by pushing back the small Multiple Exposure Lever located almost below the Film Advance Crank backward until it locks before cranking the advance lever forward. You need a bit of dexterity of the hand to do it seamlessly here. The camera requires a 6V 4SR44, PX28A, A544, K28A, V34PX, 4LR44, or L544 alkaline battery to power its operation.

The camera won't work without a battery though, as it needs the power to release the shutter and for the metering system to work, and I suppose it doesn't hurt to keep a spare battery handy. The battery is still strong when the battery check LED displays a sequence of rapid flashes and needs to be replaced as the flash slows down to three or less per second. To conserve the battery, you can turn off the viewfinder LED display. The AE function of the camera will still function normally with the display turned off. The Canon A1 is, as we know it, is a highly acclaimed and acknowledged 35mm SLR film camera of the 80s. Introduced in 1978, the A1 was one of the historically significant cameras of the 35mm SLR era, as the first SLR to offer electronically controlled Programmed AE autoexposure, a computerizes system that enables the camera to choose a shutter speed and aperture setting combination that will result in a perfectly exposed image. The A1 started it all, that was was the strength of the camera then, which also sets it apart from the other Aseries cameras, as is still the strength of the camera today. The fairly compact body is neither too much a strain in your hands nor on your neck, and it has a large and clear viewfinder that adds to the confidence of using one. Solid and sure as it looks and feels, its build quality, the strength of construction, and the gorgeous design which is only available in black will only add to the deliciousness of owning and using one. The A1 is also an excellent choice for its wealth of features that are not easily found in other SLR film cameras of the same era. At the enthusiast lever, it has even better functions and functionalities than the consumerorientated AE1 Program itself. The system is also accompanied by a large depository of Canon FD prime and zoom lenses that are easily available at equally affordable prices, which will surely help advance your photography skills and creativity as well.

It looks great, it works great, and it turns heads. If you thinking about getting one, sans the thought, just go and get it. Film Camera Marketplace Share to Twitter Share to Facebook Share to Pinterest I, LOMO Smena 35 I, LOMO Smena 35 Five frames with the LOMO Smena 35,. Film camera marketplace for 35mm and medium format cameras, legacy lenses, camera and lens accessories. Previously FilmCamerasAnd More.comTheme images by gaffera. Powered by Blogger. You must have JavaScript enabled in your browser to utilize the functionality of this website. Sell your camera today and get top market value. Please contact a KEH photographyCall 18003425534 or chat with us online! Distinguishing feature of this camera is the Quick Focus System which can activate seperate AF lenses for AF use, or with FD lenses it can operate as an electronic focusassist feature. Green and red LED arrows in viewfinder indicate proper focus. Otherwise, similar to AV1 with addition of

extended manually set shutter speed range, use of 2 AAA batteries rather than PX28. Manual metering, centerweighted metering pattern, needle meter display, 1.5 stop backlight exposure compensation, dedicated hot shoe. ISO film speed range 251600, manual film advance and rewind. Body grip. Silicon metering cells, battery check button, shutter speed info and camera shake warning visible in VF. Recommended flash Speedlite 166A, other A series will function as well, 577G, 533G, Macrolite ML1. Credit John Wade Because of its name and the fact that it incorporated all the modes used individually in the other cameras, it might be assumed that the Canon A1 was the first, from which the others were derived. Not so. The Canon AE1 was first, and it was an immediate success, with sales of more than 4,000,000 in its first five years. Like the other five Aseries cameras it also has a lot to offer to today's film user. But in 1972, Olympus had set a new lighter, more compact style of SLR with the OM1.

Other major manufacturers raced to compete, and the AE1 was Canon's answer. Its design and production were revolutionary. This enabled Canon to produce a lighter, more complex design at an otherwise impossible price. This route was taken because it was easier to automate an electronic shutter than to produce an electronic system for mechanically adjusting apertures. Many photographers, however, understood the concept of shutter speeds more easily than the theory behind apertures. So the AE1 was planned as a shutter priority model, where the photographer sets the shutter speed, then the automation sets the appropriate aperture. Credit John Wade Today's equivalents can be found on Amazon. The downside is that the camera will not function without a battery. The upside is that the batteries last well. This turns on the throughthelens metering and a needle against a scale in the viewfinder indicates the automatically selected aperture. A splitimage rangefinder aids focusing, then the shutter release is pressed all the way to make the exposure. A shutter lock, delayed action and depth of field indication button complete the specification. Enter the Canon AV1, another AE1 lookalike, but this time without a shutter speed dial. Setting an aperture manually automatically sets the correct shutter speed in a stepless range, which is displayed on a scale in the viewfinder. In its place a circular indicator moves as apertures are adjusted to line up with a moving needle activated by the meter. When the two meet, correct exposure has been set, but the photographer is free to override it. It's a shutterpriority AE1 with the addition of programmed automation. Four further exposure modes include shutter priority, aperture priority, stoppeddown AE and manual. Both the shutter speeds and apertures are set by a thumbwheel on the front of the body. When set for shutter priority, speeds appear in a window beside the shutter release.

Set for aperture priority, the scale in the window changes to show apertures. Three charge coupled devices CCDs receive a portion of the lens's image via a pattern etched into the semisilvered reflex mirror. When the correct point of focus is identified as the spot where image contrast is at its peak, a message is passed to three lightemitting diodes LEDs at the base of the viewfinder. Red LED arrows tell the photographer which way to turn the focusing ring on the lens until a central green LED lights to indicate correct focus. The AL1 is the only Aseries camera to use AAA batteries. The FL lens left needs the lens to be stopped down before measuring exposure. Credit John Wade The company's previous FL lenses, which date back to 1964, can also be used, but only in stoppeddown metering mode. With the arrival of the AV1 in 1979, the FD mount was changed to a more traditional twist and click bayonet. They range from a 7.5mm fisheye to a 1200mm supertelephoto. A vast range of lenses in the FD breechlock mount can be found from all the major independent makers too. Introduced in 1981 this was one of the earliest autofocus lenses. As the focusing mechanism is integral to the lens itself, the autofocus function can be used on any manualfocus Canon FD mount body. Accessories made to fit Aseries cameras include flashguns or Speedlites in Canon parlance, power winders, motor drives, macro and micro closeup devices, databacks, viewfinder adapters and even an underwater capsule. The stopdown lever will then operate the aperture. Learn more opens in a new window or tab This amount is subject to change until you make payment. For additional information, see the Global Shipping Programme terms and conditions opens in a new window or tab

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